

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation
Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation Contents

For the year ended December 31, 2024

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To the Directors of Timmins and District Hospital Foundation:

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Timmins and District Hospital Foundation (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at December 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Foundation derives revenue from donations and fundraising, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Foundation and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donations and fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and assets and net assets as at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 was qualified accordingly because of the possible effects of the limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Timmins, Ontario
March 25, 2025

MNP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	RESTRICTED FUND	ENDOWMENT FUND	2024 Total	2023 Total
Assets					
Current					
Cash	1,450,110	1,867,779	-	3,317,889	2,637,308
Accounts receivable (Note 3)	65,859	95,264	-	161,123	118,216
Term deposits	-	-	-	-	26,075
Prepaid expenses	11,823	-	-	11,823	21,897
	1,527,792	1,963,043	-	3,490,835	2,803,496
Tangible capital assets (Note 4)	85,123	-	-	85,123	121,094
Investments (Note 5)	-	1,449,228	2,501,203	3,950,431	3,241,851
	1,612,915	3,412,271	2,501,203	7,526,389	6,166,441
Liabilities					
Current					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	53,263	29,835	-	83,098	165,329
Interfund payable (receivable) (Note 7)	1,622,294	(1,671,816)	49,522	-	-
	1,675,557	(1,641,981)	49,522	83,098	165,329
Net Assets					
General fund	(62,642)	-	-	(62,642)	(283,290)
Restricted fund (Note 8)	-	5,054,252	-	5,054,252	4,163,691
Endowment fund	-	-	2,451,681	2,451,681	2,120,711
	(62,642)	5,054,252	2,451,681	7,443,291	6,001,112
	1,612,915	3,412,271	2,501,203	7,526,389	6,166,441

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation

Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	RESTRICTED FUND	ENDOWMENT FUND	2024 Total	2023 Total
Fundraising revenues					
Donations (Note 9)	359,835	393,449	-	753,284	722,985
Fundraising	169,791	5,297,918	-	5,467,709	4,415,037
	529,626	5,691,367	-	6,220,993	5,138,022
Fundraising expenses					
Donation expenses (Note 9)	14,453	34,181	-	48,634	34,654
Fundraising expenses	68,391	2,407,379	-	2,475,770	2,890,933
	82,844	2,441,560	-	2,524,404	2,925,587
Net from fundraising activities	446,782	3,249,807	-	3,696,589	2,212,435
Operating expenses					
Advertising and promotion	19,612	-	-	19,612	17,358
Amortization	39,419	-	-	39,419	32,849
Membership fees	-	-	-	-	1,580
Office and general	72,890	-	-	72,890	119,149
Professional fees	44,473	-	-	44,473	27,022
Travel	-	-	-	-	1,804
Wages and employee benefits	373,119	248,181	-	621,300	614,868
	549,513	248,181	-	797,694	814,630
Net from operations	(102,731)	3,001,626	-	2,898,895	1,397,805
Other income (expenses)					
Investment income	39,379	125,032	100,971	265,382	215,397
Gain (loss) on disposal of investments	-	(20,406)	(37,253)	(57,659)	41,889
Unrealized gain from investments	-	59,376	267,252	326,628	83,949
	39,379	164,002	330,970	534,351	341,235
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before transfers	(63,352)	3,165,628	330,970	3,433,246	1,739,040
Transfers to Timmins and District Hospital	-	1,991,067	-	1,991,067	1,829,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(63,352)	1,174,561	330,970	1,442,179	(90,909)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	RESTRICTED FUND	ENDOWMENT FUND	2024 Total	2023 Total
Net assets (deficit), beginning year	(283,290)	4,163,691	2,120,711	6,001,112	6,092,021
Interfund transfer <i>(Note 7)</i>	284,000	(284,000)	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(63,352)	1,174,561	330,970	1,442,179	(90,909)
Net assets (deficit), end of year	(62,642)	5,054,252	2,451,681	7,443,291	6,001,112

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	RESTRICTED FUND	ENDOWMENT FUND	2024 Total	2023 Total
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities					
Operating					
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(63,352)	1,174,561	330,970	1,442,179	(90,909)
Amortization	39,419	-	-	39,419	32,849
Loss (gain) on disposal of investments	-	20,406	37,253	57,659	(41,889)
Unrealized gain from investments	-	(59,376)	(267,252)	(326,628)	(83,949)
	(23,933)	1,135,591	100,971	1,212,629	(183,898)
Changes in working capital accounts					
Accounts receivable	(1,296)	(41,611)	-	(42,907)	23,466
Prepaid expenses	10,074	-	-	10,074	(5,250)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(20,675)	(61,556)	-	(82,231)	(589,063)
	(35,830)	1,032,424	100,971	1,097,565	(754,745)
Financing					
Interfund payable	221,479	(230,184)	8,705	-	-
Interfund transfer	284,000	(284,000)	-	-	-
	505,479	(514,184)	8,705	-	-
Investing					
Purchase of capital assets	(3,448)	-	-	(3,448)	(62,251)
Proceeds on disposal of term deposits	-	26,075	-	26,075	-
Purchase of term deposits	-	-	-	-	(1,075)
Purchase of investments	-	(339,571)	(352,320)	(691,891)	(1,137,193)
Proceeds on disposal of investments	-	9,636	242,644	252,280	2,000,000
	(3,448)	(303,860)	(109,676)	(416,984)	799,481
Increase in cash resources	466,201	214,380	-	680,581	44,736
Cash resources, beginning of year	983,909	1,653,399	-	2,637,308	2,592,572
Cash resources, end of year	1,450,110	1,867,779	-	3,317,889	2,637,308

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. Incorporation and nature of the organization

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation (the "Foundation") was incorporated without share capital in the jurisdiction of Ontario and is a registered charity and thus is exempt from income taxes under section 149 of the Income Tax Act ("the Act").

The Foundation's purpose is to raise funds for the acquisition of medical equipment and facilities for the Timmins and District Hospital.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations set out in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook - Accounting, as issued by the Accounting Standards Board in Canada.

Fund accounting

The Foundation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions, and maintains three funds: General Fund, Restricted Fund and Endowment Fund.

The General Fund reports the Foundation's unrestricted contributions and fundraising activities. It also reports the direct costs associated with unrestricted contributions and the overhead expenditures of the Foundation. From time to time, management may allocate excess general funds to the restricted fund to be used for a specific purpose.

The Restricted Fund reports the contributions that donors request be allocated for a specific purpose or management may determine that the net proceeds from certain fundraising events be allocated for a specific purpose. The revenues, direct fundraising costs, and transfers associated with these contributions are reported in the restricted fund.

A General Endowment Fund was established under the Foundation's Planned Giving Program. Revenues and direct costs of the planned giving program as well as investment income of the endowment assets are reported in this fund. From time to time, management may allocate contributions to this fund at their discretion. The capital will not be used until the fund reaches an accumulated balance of \$5 million.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in the restricted fund.

Tangible capital assets

Purchased tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution plus all costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Amortization is provided using the straight-line method at rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives. Equipment is amortized over a five year period.

In the year of acquisition, amortization is taken at one-half of the above rate.

Investments

Long-term investments are portfolio investments recorded at fair value for those with prices quoted in an active market, and cost less impairment for those that are not quoted in an active market. They have been classified as long-term assets in accordance with the nature of the investment.

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies *(Continued from previous page)*

Revenue recognition

The Foundation uses the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and fundraising revenues. Restricted contributions related to donations and fundraising activities are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Endowment contributions are recognized as revenue in the Endowment Fund.

Investment income generated by fund investment assets is recognized as revenue in the related fund when earned.

Pledges are recognized as revenue when the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and ultimate collection is reasonably assured.

Allocation of expenses

The Foundation engages in fundraising activities through its annual campaign and special events. The net proceeds of the campaign and the events may be restricted for specific purposes or may be allocated to the general fund at the discretion of the donor or by management. Management identifies specific costs associated with generating these revenues and allocates them to the appropriate fund. All other costs are included in the general fund operating expenses.

Contributed materials and services

Contributions of materials are recognized both as contributions and expenses in the statement of operations when a fair value can be reasonably estimated, when the materials are used in the normal course of the Foundation's operations and are received.

The Foundation engages volunteers to assist the Foundation with its fundraising and governance activities and operates in offices provided by the Timmins & District Hospital. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, these contributed services and occupancy costs are not recognized in the financial statements.

Measurement uncertainty (use of estimates)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are estimated based on historical charges for unbilled goods and services at year-end. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenues and expenses in the periods in which they become known.

Financial instruments

The Foundation recognizes financial instruments when the Foundation becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Arm's length financial instruments

Financial instruments originated/acquired or issued/assumed in an arm's length transaction ("arm's length financial instruments") are initially recorded at their fair value.

At initial recognition, the Foundation may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any arm's length financial instrument at fair value. The Foundation has not made such an election during the year.

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies *(Continued from previous page)*

Financial instruments *(Continued from previous page)*

The Foundation subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those designated in a qualifying hedging relationship or that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. All other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

Related party financial instruments

The Foundation initially measures the following financial instruments originated/acquired or issued/assumed in a related party transaction ("related party financial instruments") at fair value:

- Investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market;
- Debt instruments quoted in an active market;
- Debt instruments when the inputs significant to the determination of its fair value are observable (directly or indirectly); and
- Derivative contracts.

All other related party financial instruments are measured at cost on initial recognition. When the financial instrument has repayment terms, cost is determined using the undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest, dividend, variable and contingent payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized by the transferor. When the financial instrument does not have repayment terms, but the consideration transferred has repayment terms, cost is determined based on the repayment terms of the consideration transferred. When the financial instrument and the consideration transferred both do not have repayment terms, the cost is equal to the carrying or exchange amount of the consideration transferred or received (refer to Note 6).

At initial recognition, the Foundation may elect to subsequently measure related party debt instruments that are quoted in active market, or that have observable inputs significant to the determination of fair value, at fair value.

The Foundation has not made such an election during the year, thus all such related party debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

The Foundation subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those designated in a qualifying hedging relationship or that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Financial instruments that were initially measured at cost and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by, delivery of unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured using the cost method less any reduction for impairment.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of related party financial instruments are immediately recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses.

Financial asset impairment

The Foundation assesses impairment of all its financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost. The Foundation groups assets for impairment testing when there are numerous assets affected by the same factors. Management considers whether the issuer is having significant financial difficulty in determining whether objective evidence of impairment exists. When there is an indication of impairment, the Foundation determines whether it has resulted in a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows during the year.

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Financial instruments (Continued from previous page)

With the exception of related party debt instruments and related party equity instruments initially measured at cost, the Foundation reduces the carrying amount of any impaired financial assets to the highest of: the present value of cash flows expected to be generated by holding the assets; the amount that could be realized by selling the assets at the statement of financial position date; and the amount expected to be realized by exercising any rights to collateral held against those assets.

For related party debt instruments initially measured at cost, the Foundation reduces the carrying amount of the asset (or group of assets), to the highest of: the undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by holding the asset, or group of similar assets, excluding the interest and dividend payments of the instrument; the present value of cash flows expected to be generated by holding the assets; the amount that could be realized by selling the assets at the statement of financial position date; and the amount expected to be realized by exercising any rights to collateral held against those assets.

Any impairment, which is not considered temporary, is included in current year excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses.

The Foundation reverses impairment losses on financial assets when there is a decrease in impairment and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses in the year the reversal occurs.

Long-lived assets and discontinued operations

Long-lived assets consist of capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

The Foundation writes down long-lived assets held for use when conditions indicate that the asset no longer contributes to the Foundation's ability to provide goods and services. The assets are also written-down when the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the group of assets is less than its net carrying amount. When the Foundation determines that a long-lived asset is impaired, its carrying amount is written down to the asset's fair value.

3. Accounts receivable

	2024	2023
Accounts receivable	112,641	88,279
Harmonized sales tax recoverable	48,482	29,937
	161,123	118,216

4. Tangible capital assets

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	2024 Net book value	2023 Net book value
Equipment	261,951	176,828	85,123	121,094

Timmins and District Hospital Foundation
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2024

5. Investments

	2024	2023
Measured at fair value:		
RBC Dominion Securities investment - Endowment Fund (cost: \$2,144,233; 2023 - \$2,071,810)	2,501,203	2,161,528
RBC Dominion Securities investment - Restricted Fund (cost: \$1,122,361; 2023 - \$846,007)	1,206,344	881,519
Credential Asset Management investment - Restricted Fund (cost: \$223,798; 2023 - \$190,624)	242,884	198,804
	3,950,431	3,241,851

6. Related party transactions

The Foundation is related to Timmins and District Hospital due to common directors. The purpose of the Foundation is to raise funds for the acquisition of medical equipment and facilities for the Timmins and District Hospital.

From time to time, Timmins and District Hospital makes certain expenditures (payroll, supplies, etc) on behalf of the Foundation. These transactions were conducted in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Accounts payable of \$12,210 (2023 - \$61,371) were owed to the Timmins and District Hospital at December 31, 2024.

Cash transfers made to the Hospital are shown separately in the statement of operations and net assets.

7. Interfund transactions

During the year, the Board of Directors approved the transfer of \$284,000 (2023 - \$304,000) from the Restricted Fund to the Foundation's General Fund to rectify the deficit as at December 31, 2023, in accordance with their financial policies.

During the year, and from time to time, a fund will receive donations or make expenditures on behalf of one or more of the other funds. These interfund balances are repayable within one year.

8. Restricted fund

The Foundation has committed funds in the amount of \$5,054,252 (2023 - \$4,163,691) for transfer to the Timmins and District Hospital for the purchase of specified equipment.

9. Contributed materials and services

Included in donation revenues and donation expenses in the statement of operations is \$21,867 (2023 - \$5,684) representing the estimated fair value of contributed materials.

10. Financial instruments

The Foundation, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Foundation is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Foundation is exposed to other price risk through its investment in mutual funds.